

Tulsa Daily World

Published by
WORLD PUBLISHING COMPANY.

EUGENE LORTON, CHAS. E. DENT
Editor Manager.

F. O. LARSON, Business Manager.
MEMBER OF THE AUDIT BUREAU OF
CIRCULATIONS.

Entered in the Tulsa Postoffice as Second
Class Matter.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES:
Payment in Advance Only.
Domestic \$1.00
One Year \$3.00
Six Months 2.00
Three Months 1.00
Month 65
Daily by Carrier in Tulsa: 10c
Per Week

THE AVERAGE DAILY CIRCULATION OF
THE TULSA DAILY WORLD FOR THE
MONTH OF JUNE WAS

16,126

Total Daily Circulation 419,286
NET PAID Daily Circulation 419,286
Daily Average Circulation 16,126
NET PAID Daily Average Circulation 15,886

L. Berry Holmes, Circulation Manager of
THE TULSA DAILY WORLD, sends the
news quoted below to show that the best
of our circulation figures are true to the best
of my knowledge and belief.

HARRY HOLMES

Circulation Manager
Submitted to and verified before me
this fourth day of August, 1916.

WILLIE WHITMORE

(Seal) Notary Public.

My commission expires June 17, 1919.

TELEPHONE:

Bureau Department 1100
Editorial Department 1100
Circulation Department 1100
Society Editor 4500
Charles E. Dent, office 2050
Advertising Department 2050

GIVING THE PRESCRIPTION.

An organization calling itself the peace committee of Philadelphia Yearly Meeting of Friends is out with an appeal to dislodge the people of the idea that we need any military force to pacify Mexico. After reciting the trials and tribulations of the Mexican people in their struggle for progress, it goes on to state that the border between us now long and so none taken up with mountain and desert, that it is a piece of folly to try to police it, and that whatever purpose may be had in the course of bounds should not constitute a cause for war. The summary of its argument is that Mexico, excepting a few of the border states, is working out her own salvation and only needs to be treated with kindness and consideration instead of forced to behave. Correcting according to their view, in endeavoring honestly and with a fair measure of success, to restore government and redress the age-old wrongs of the Mexican people. Deplored the display of force on the border, the appeal further says: "The army needed is a force of educators, teachers, doctors, sanitary engineers, farmers and agricultural experts, who will volunteer for terms of two or three years in the spirit of service, such as we rendered Cuba at her time of crisis." The reference to Cuba is unfortunate for the force of their argument, for in history we had to fight a war before we could apply the remedial measures so highly praised. As for Mexico, there is no doubt she needs all that this document claims, but before these volunteers of peace can invade the land the road must be cleared for them. Just as the yet untrained has to hold a horse's head, while he forces the medicine into his mouth, so the prime need of Mexico is not only a force that can prescribe the remedy but is able to compel them to take the medicine. Unless there should be a radical improvement in political conditions and in the sentiment of the Mexican people, those who undertook this benevolent mission would find themselves imprisoned, assassinated, or driven from the country. Granted that the Mexicans do not know what is best for them, the only successful way to administer the prescription is to force them to take it.

UNDERWOOD AND KITCHIN

These two names stand for the men who were supposed to be the co-opted leaders of the Democratic majority in congress, and yet today they are outspoken in their denunciation of the twists and turns that body has been impelled to take at the dictation of the president. The special revenue measure was denounced by Mr. Underwood as "a stench in the nostrils of the Democratic party." In vain did Senator Stone and other Whig-saxon rascals strive to shut the southern sentinels off. He was particularly hostile to the dyevestors proroguing, saying, "When I have stood all my life against protection and for a tariff for revenue only, I do not intend tamely to swallow such Republican doctrine as this at the dictation of a few men here whom I regard as deviators of Democratic principles." To those spokesman of the administration who shielded him for his disloyalty Mr. Underwood said: "I do not concede the right of any committee to arrogate to itself the right to legislate. I do not concede the right of any member of a committee to direct my action. If this be treason, make the best of it." And Mr. Kitchin paid his respects to Mr. Wilson and Josephine Daniels in this wise: "I believe I said it was criminal for this house to vote upon a promotion (the naval program) that would take hundreds of millions of dollars needlessly out of the treasury through the proposition presented by the gentleman from Pennsylvania. And yet in two short months the chairman of the committee on naval affairs, the secretary of the navy and the president and most of my fellow-Democrats want me to get up now on this floor and eat my words, and say that the program of the gentleman from Pennsylvania and the Republicans, which they induced me then to denounce as criminal recklessness, is now the very perfection of virtue and patriotism." This was the bill which passed under the lash of the president and which Mr. Daniels promptly proclaimed to the country a great achievement of administration. How will Messrs. Un-

derwood and Kitchin manage to give a whole-hearted support to the candidacy of Woodrow Wilson and the continuance in office of Josephine Daniels?

DISCORD IN THE FAMILY.

Not all is lovely in the ranks of the democratic campaign management and the cause of the whole trouble is the insistence of Mr. McAdoo that he shall run things without regard to those whose business it is to conduct the campaign. Chairman Vince McCormick is on the warpath and announces that if his hands are going to be tied by the president's son-in-law they can just find somebody else to run their old organization. The trouble seems to center in New York where the McAdoo influence is exerted to the detriment of William F. McCombie. Mr. McCombie is an active worker long before the nominating convention of 1912, and an national chairman during that campaign accomplished the election of Woodrow Wilson to the presidency. Now Mr. Combie is Democratic candidate for the senate from New York, and the entire power of the administration is being exerted against him. It is evident that Mr. McAdoo does not want a strong man chosen to the senate from New York who would be likely to claim election at another time, because McAdoo wants to reserve that job for himself at the end of the next four years. Of course the secretary will be out of a job sooner than that, but he is planning on stepping from a cabinet position to a seat in the senate, and does not want a man of McCormick's caliber in his way. Mrs. Ado has before been referred to as the "old man of the sun" for the administration, and it seems he is willing to sacrifice anybody for the sake of his own ambition. Father-in-law Wilson might share the same fate if he happened to get in his way. As in the case with so many others who have helped Wilson, McCormick has served his purpose and is now being treated as an outcast. He has been banished below to the "crown prince," hence the welfare of the party in New York is to be jeopardized to get revenue. What may happen to McCormick is yet to be seen, but there is no doubt the present chairman is hoping mad over McAdoo's "butting in." Whatever may be said of the commonphrases of instances of Wilson's ingenuity, this contest by the very nature of things is standing out prominently.

TAGGART OUT OF TUNE.

We owe the humblest apologies to Senator Tom Taggart for so long misunderstanding what sort of man he was. We had looked upon him as the personification of all that is included in the idea of corrupt politics. Since he has gone to the senate he has shown that he is far in advance of the rank and file of the senators of his party in all that constitutes honesty, fair-dealing and courageous statesmanship. His colleagues have been jumping on him pretty severely for his arrangement of Democratic extravagance, but the figures submitted by the Indiana senator seem to afford good ground for all his harsh words. He cites, for instance, the case of the postoffice at Paducah, Ky. The town has a population of 1,274. The appropriation is \$39,000 and the cost of maintenance, figuring interest on the investment at \$140 and including other necessary expenses, will be \$2,742 a year, or nearly \$3 apiece for every soul in the town. He quotes similar figures in the case of Roseville, Ga., and Hazard, Ky. He shows \$36,000 appropriated for Mount Olive, N. C., with a population of 1,871; \$25,000 for Huntington, Tenn., with a population of 1,012; \$40,000 for Clear Water, Fla., with a population of 1,173. "If this bill succeeds in getting through congress," declared Senator Taggart, "the president should come to the rescue of the treasury and veto it at once. Instead of squandering money in killing coyotes, poisoning ground squirrels, doctoring wild ducks, treating sick goats, sending out useless garden and vegetable seeds, passing river and harbor pork barrel bills, would it not be better to get down to bedrock economy, and save the people from the never-ending visits of the tax-gatherer?" Mr. Taggart may be indiscriminate in his sarcastic allusions to the purposes for which public money is appropriated, but the principle he enunciates is sound.

LEVI GILTRAP filed suit in the district court yesterday to collect money allowed to be due on premises owned by him against W. C. and Norma Sowell for the sum of \$1,000 and the plaintiff will attempt also to collect \$750 which he contends that Samuel Charley and others owe him.

ANOTHER FORD, the tenth to disappear within the past ten days, was taken from the street at the corner of Thirtieth street and Beale avenue yesterday afternoon. Sheriff Woolley was notified of the theft, but has received no clue concerning the present whereabouts of the machine.

COMMISSIONER A. L. FUNK presided at the commissioners' meeting yesterday in the absence of Mayor Flanagan, who is in Oklahoma City on official business. On account of the absence of the mayor and Commissioner Walker, the commissioners' meeting was short and very little business was transacted.

SIXTY-FIVE MARriages were performed in the city of Tulsa during the past month. This mark almost equals the high average set during the month of June, when one hundred men and women were married. The many divorces in the superior court during the month offset to a large extent the weddings in August, but the knots tied were many more than those which slipped.

COMMISSIONER C. S. YOUNGMAN returned yesterday from Kansas City with nine pieces of the new addition to the waterworks of the city and the machinery which will be installed. One of the most important pieces of machinery which will be contracted for while in Kansas City was a new eight million gallon, low pressure pump. The pump in use at present has a capacity of four million gallons per day.

The KENDALL DRUG store at 20 East Second was robbed Thursday night. About \$2 in silver was taken from the cash register and \$1 in nickels was taken from a stamp machine. No evidence of Jimmy marks could be found on any of the doors or windows and it is thought by the police that the marauders

"HELD TO STRICT ACCOUNTABILITY"



—Bronstrup, San Francisco Chronicle.

City News in Brief.

M. E. McDougall, cousin of Judge D. A. McDonald of Springfield, arrived yesterday from Memphis, Tenn. He will be connected with the new Union National bank which will open for business at an early date.

THE CHIEF ALDER left yesterday for the convention of fire chiefs of the United States which meets this year at Providence, R. I. He will be gone about two weeks, and will probably contract for some more fire apparatus during his absence.

TWO HUNDRED LABORERS were recruited in Tulsa by officials of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad and forwarded to division headquarters in Muskogee. The men are said to be track workers and are said to be have no relation to the strike situation.

M. H. BLASSINGAME, state senator from Sallisaw, has announced his decision to resign from his political position to engage in business. Senator Blassingame will move to Tulsa and become associated with E. E. Beckwith in the management of the Tulsa Chief.

WHEN JESSIE HENNINGTON was brought to the police station Thursday night on a charge of assault, she brought with her a little baby. When the woman could not give bond she was put in the patrolman's office for the night as the police will not put a white woman in the jail. The baby went to sleep.

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hid in the back room while the store was open and did their work after the proprietor had closed for the night. The robbery is the fifth event of its kind which has happened during the past year.

LOUIS FRANCISCO, a Mexican working at the construction camp in the eastern part of the city, was painfully but not fatally injured last night when he was shot in the flesh part of his leg by Pietro Reese, Mexican, one of the assistant foremen at the camp. The shooting is probably the result of an altercation which the two men are said to have had earlier in the day. Reese has so far evaded capture. Francisco will recover in a few days.

REPUBLICAN RALLY A MAMMOTH AFFAIR

Fairbanks Will be Principal Speaker, While Teddy May Also be on Hand.

Special to The World.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Sept. 1.—The Republican state convention campaign opening rally, which is to be held here on September 12, will be one of the biggest political gatherings in the history of this state, according to reports reaching here. Some county chairmen report that their counties will send from four to ten times the number of representatives provided for by the call. The state convention will be called to order at 8 o'clock, at which time there will be some speaking and a state platform will be adopted. At night there will be another large meeting at 7:30.

Charles W. Fairbanks of Indiana,

the Republican nominee for vice-president, will be the principal speaker and it is understood that other speakers of note will be here.

The Republicans of the state appear to be ahead over the ticket that succeeds the State Chancery Arthur H. Grueller, who has just returned from New York and Washington, the national committee is going to send a number of able speakers to aid in the fight to make Oklahoma Republican.

In past campaigns the national committee has usually sent only one speaker and for one day only. However, this year the national organization has promised to send such men as Senators Borah, Kenyon, Curtis, Sherman, Harding, Clapp and Burkett and Congressmen Roberts of Nevada, Miller of Minnesota, Rodenberg and Cannon of Illinois and others.

It is found that one of these cannot come even a speaker of similar ability and national standing is to be substituted.

There is a possibility that Colonel Roosevelt will also make a speech in Oklahoma during the campaign and National Chairman Wilson assured Mr. Geisler that an earnest effort

will be made to arrange the next itinerary of Mr. Hughes so as to bring him to this state, although the national committee is deluged with requests from all over the country for speeches by the Republican presidential nominee.

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With the arrival of E. E. Oberholzer, superintendent of city schools, and F. J. Katz, high school principal, affairs relative to the opening of school September 18 are whipping into shape on regular schedule.

Erection of four additional temporary structures on the high school grounds has solved the problem of accommodations for the high school so far as it is possible to solve the same.

The four new buildings will make a total of thirty at the disposal of Principal Katz. Thirty teachers are counted upon to start the year, allotting one room to each teacher.

To fill the thirty rooms and take the attention of thirty teachers, Principal Katz expected 650 pupils to enroll within the first week of school.

The probable total at the end of the first month is estimated at seven hundred.

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